

Corrosion Modeling Software and Corrosion Prediction Software Series

ACE: Apps for Corrosion Engineers®

The Ultimate Software Solutions to Costly Corrosion

Version 9.20

★ Performance ★ Functionality ★ Usability



Anytime Anywhere Any Device Any OS

No USB dongles No installation No Browser Plug-ins

Contact Us for Licensing Details

Why WebCorr | Performance Guarantee | Unparalleled Functionality | Unmatched Usability | Any Device Any OS | Free Training & Support | CorrCompass

Features and Functions of ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers

ACE Overview | CRU | REF | WhatGas | CP-Pol | DO | DewPoint | Metallurgy | FER | Sigma | PWHT | FAC | CRA | MMM | EMF | GSeries | PTable | GUC

ACE is a collection of 16 essential corrosion software applications for daily use by corrosion engineers, corrosion researchers, and corrosion technicians in laboratories and in fields. ACE can significantly increase the efficiency, productivity, consistency and accuracy of corrosion related calculations, conversions, CP survey data assessment, materials selection, and corrosion prediction. ACE helps you do more in less time with practically everything related to corrosion. If you cannot find the features you want in ACE, do let us know and we will add the features for you to ACE free-of-charge for licensed users.

Figure 1 below shows the screen shot of ACE. There are 16 modules under the respective Tabs in ACE.

- CRU: Corrosion Rate Unit Converter - Converting between all corrosion rate units for all metals and alloys.

- REF: Reference Electrode Potential Converter - Converting measured potentials at measurement temperatures to equivalent potentials at 25°C vs. reference electrodes commonly used in labs and in fields.
- WhatGas: Predicts what gas will be evolved in on an electrode surface.
- CP-Pol: Cathodic Polarization Assessment and Corrosion Rate Calculation - Assessing the effect of CP polarization on the corrosion rate when CP is ON. This software tool can be used to optimize cathodic protection design, to determine cathodic protection criteria, and to evaluate CP survey data.
- DO: Dissolved Oxygen Calculator - Calculation of dissolved oxygen in water at a specified temperature (oxygen solubility, oxygen saturated waters), calculation of diffusion limiting current density, prediction of the maximum oxygen corrosion rate.
- DewPoint: Calculation of Dew Point of flue gas.
- Metallurgy: Assessing the Effect of Metallurgy on Corrosion
There are 5 sub-modules under the metallurgy Tab:
ACE-FER: Ferrite Content Predictor - Determining the ferrite content in cast stainless and alloys and the resistance to stress corrosion cracking.
ACE-Sigma: Modeling and prediction of susceptibility to sigma phase formation in stainless steels and alloys.
ACE-PWHT: Post-Weld Heat Treatment - Predict the equivalent carbon content and the requirement for pre-heating or post-weld heat treatment.
ACE-FAC: Flow-Accelerated Corrosion - Predict the resistance to flow-accelerated corrosion.
ACE-CRA: Corrosion Resistant Alloys - Predict the pitting resistance equivalent number (PREN) of corrosion resistant alloys, predict the application limits for temperature and chloride concentration.
- MMM: Mole and Molar Mass Calculator/Converter - Calculating/Converting mole and molar mass for all compounds.
- EMF: Electromotive Force Series - Table of Standard Potentials at 25°C.
- GSeries: Galvanic Series - Table of Galvanic Series in Natural Sea Water.
- PTable: Periodic Table of Elements
- GUC: General Units Converter - Converting between metric and English units.

ACE - CRU: Apps for Corrosion Engineers - Corrosion Rate Unit Converter										
CorrRateUnitConverter converts between all corrosion rate units for all metals and alloys. $\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$: micro-ampere per cm^2 mpy: milli-inch per year $\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$: micrometer per year mm/y: millimeter per year gmd: gram per m^2 per day mdd: milligram per dm^2 per day		From	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	To	mpy	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	gmd	mdd	
			1.0000	=	0.5454	13.8541	0.0139	0.1828	1.8285	
		From	mdd	To	mpy	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	gmd	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	
			1.0000	=	0.2983	7.5768	0.0076	0.1000	0.5469	
Select a metal or alloy: Ti-3Al-8V-6Cr-4Mo-4Zr		From	gmd	To	mpy	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	mdd	
			1.0000	=	2.9830	75.7676	0.0758	5.4690	10.0000	
User-Defined Alloy: Use default density, g/cm ³		From	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	To	mpy	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	mm/y	gmd	mdd	
			1.0000	=	0.0394	0.0722	0.0010	0.0132	0.1320	
M1 ~ M10: Metallic Elements in the User-Defined Alloy										
Metallic Elements	Fe	Cr	Ni	Mo	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10
Weight%	68.5000	19.0000	10.0000	2.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 1 Overview of ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers

Detailed Feature Description of Apps for Corrosion Engineers

CRU: Corrosion Rate Unit Converter - Converting between All Corrosion Rate Units for All Metals and Alloys

Corrosion rate units commonly reported in the corrosion literature include:

- micro-ampere per cm^2 : $\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$,
- milli-inch per year: mpy,
- micrometer per year: $\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$,
- millimeter per year: mm/y,
- gram per m^2 per day: gmd,
- milligram per dm^2 per day: mdd

Converting the corrosion rate from one unit to another for comparison and for engineering applications is frequently required for numerous metals and alloys. For a given alloy, the conversion factors are different for each unit ($\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$, mpy, $\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$, mm/y, mdd, gmd); for a given unit conversion (e.g. mdd => mpy), the conversion factors are different for different alloys which are influenced by the density, chemical compositions, atomic mass of elements, and the valence of metallic elements in the alloy. Manual conversion requires multiple steps of calculation using a set of equations. The procedure is time-consuming and prone to errors, particularly for many engineering alloys that contain multiple metallic elements in their chemical

compositions. Try to manually convert a corrosion current density of $1 \mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$ to mm/y for the titanium alloy Ti-3Al-8V-6Cr-4Mo-4Zr and see for yourself how long it takes you to get an accurate conversion.

ACE-CRU -Corrosion Rate Unit Converter is the only device and OS independent software tool on the market for instantly converting between all corrosion rate units for all metals and alloys with precision. Users simply choose the metal or alloy from the list and the conversion between all corrosion rate units for the selected alloy is instantly displayed (Figure 1). If a metal or alloy is not available in the database, users can easily define their own alloys for the conversion (Figure 2).

ACE - CRU: Apps for Corrosion Engineers - Corrosion Rate Unit Converter											
CorrRateUnitConverter converts between all corrosion rate units for all metals and alloys. $\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$: micro-ampere per cm^2 mpy: milli-inch per year $\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$: micrometer per year mm/y: millimeter per year gmd: gram per m^2 per day mdd: milligram per dm^2 per day		From	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	To	mpy	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	gmd	mdd		
			1.0000	=	0.4134	10.5002	0.0105	0.2267	2.2670		
		From	mdd	To	mpy	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	gmd	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$		
			1.0000	=	0.1824	4.6317	0.0046	0.1000	0.4411		
		From	gmd	To	mpy	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	mdd		
	1.0000	=	1.8235	46.3172	0.0463	4.4111	10.0000				
Select a metal or alloy: User-Defined		From	mpy	To	$\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$	$\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$	mm/y	gmd	mdd		
Define your own metal or alloy below:			1.0000	=	2.4190	25.4000	0.0254	0.5484	5.4839		
User-Defined Alloy	Use default density, g/cm3	M1 ~ M10: Metallic Elements in the User-Defined Alloy									
Metallic Elements	Fe	Cr	Ni	Mo	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	
Weight%	71.5000	18.0000	8.0000	2.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 2 User-Defined Alloy in Corrosion Rate Units Converter

ACE-CRU Corrosion Rate Units Converter provides error-free conversion conforming to relevant ISO, ASTM and NACE standards. Current database in ACE-CRU Corrosion Rate Units Converter contains the following metals and alloys:

Aluminum and Aluminium Alloys

Aluminum

AA1100 (A91100)

AA1199 (A91199)

AA2024 (A92024)

AA2060 (A92060)

AA2219 (A92219)

AA3003 (A93003)

AA3004 (A93004)

AA5005 (A95005)
AA5050 (A95050)
AA5052 (A95052)
AA5083 (A95083)
AA5086 (A95086)
AA5154 (A95154)
AA5357 (A95357)
AA5454 (A95454)
AA5456 (A95456)
AA6061 (A96061)
AA6062 (A96062)
AA6070 (A96070)
AA6101 (A96101)
AA7050 (A97050)
AA7072 (A97072)
AA7075 (A97075)
AA7079 (A97079)
AA7178 (A97178)

Copper and Copper Alloys

Copper

CDA110 (C11000)
CDA220 (C22000)
CDA230 (C23000)
CDA260 (C26000)
CDA280 (C28000)
CDA442 (C44200)
CDA443 (C44300)
CDA444 (C44400)
CDA510 (C51000)
CDA524 (C52400)
CDA608 (C60800)
CDA612 (C61200)

CDA655 (C65500)

CDA687 (C68700)

CDA706 (C70600)

CDA710 (C71000)

CDA715 (C71500)

CDA752 (C75200)

Stainless Steels and Alloys

201 (S20100)

202 (S20200)

302 (S30200)

304 (S30400)

304L (S30403)

304LN (S30453)

309 (S30900)

310 (S31000)

311 (S31100)

316 (S31600)

316L (S31603)

316LN (S31653)

317 (S31700)

317L (S31703)

317LMN (S31726)

321 (S32100)

329 (S32900)

330 (N08330)

347 (S34700)

410 (S41000)

430 (S43000)

446 (S44600)

502 (S50200)

PH13-8 (S13800)

PH15-5 (S15500)

PH17-4 (S17400)
254SMO (S31254)
654SMO (S32654)
Nicrofer 3228 NbCe (S33228)
Nicrofer 2509 Si7 (S70003)
Ferralium 255 (S32550)
Zeron 100 (S32760)
7Mo Plus (S32950)
2RE69 (S31050)
3RE60 (S31500)
44LN (S31200)
IN-744 (S31100)
Uranus 50 (S32404)
Uranus B66 (S31266)
DP-3W (S39274)
Monit (S44635)
2205 (S31803)
2304 (S32304)
2507 (S32750)
2707 HD (S32707)
Sea-Cure (S44660)

Nickel and Nickel Alloys

Nickel
200 (N02200)
400 (N04400)
600 (N06600)
Inconel 625 (N06625)
Incoloy 825 (N08825)
Hastelloy B (N10001)
Hastelloy B-2 (N10665)
Hastelloy C (N10002)
Hastelloy C-4 (N06455)

Hastelloy C-22 (N06022)
Hastelloy C-2000 (N02000)
Hastelloy C-276 (N10276)
Alloy 20 (UNS N08020)
Hastelloy G (N06007)
Hastelloy G-3 (N06985)
Hastelloy G-30 (N06030)
20Cb-3 (N08020)
20Mo-4 (N08024)
20Mo-6 (N08026)
Al-6X (N08366)
AL-6XN (N08367)
904L (N08904)
Allcorr (N06110)
Sanicro 28 (N08028)
Cronifer 1925 hMo (N08925)
Nicrofer 5923 hMo (N06059)
Inconel 686 (N06686)
Inconel 690 (N06690)
JS700 (N08700)

Carbon Steels, Cast Irons and Low Alloy Steels

Carbon Steels
Low Alloy Steels
Gray Cast Iron
Silicon Cast Iron

Titanium and Alloys

Titanium (unalloyed)
Ti-3Al-2.5V
Ti-5Al-2.5Sn
Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo
Ti-6Al-6V-2Sn

Ti-6Al-4V

Ti-6Al-7Nb

Ti-5Al-2Zr-2Sn-4Mo-4Cr

Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-6Mo

Ti-4.5Al-3V-2Mo-2Fe

Ti-4Al-4Mo-2Sn-0.5Si

Ti-10V-2Fe-3Al

Ti-3Al-8V-6Cr-4Mo-4Zr

Metals

Aluminium

Cadmium

Copper

Chromium

Iron

Lead

Molybdenum

Nickel

Silver

Gold

Palladium

Platinum

Tantalum

Tin

Titanium

Zinc

Zirconium

Magnesium and Magnesium Alloys

Magnesium

AZ63

AZ31

AZ33

AZ81
AZ91
AM60
AM50
AM20
AS41
AS21
ZK51
ZK61
ZE41
ZC63
EZ33
HK31
HZ32
QE22
QH21
WE54
WE43
M1
AZ31
AZ61
AZ80
ZM21
ZMC711
LA141
ZK31
ZK61
HK31
HM21
HZ11

User-Defined Alloy

Users can define their own alloy for the conversion by entering the chemical composition (wt%) of the metallic elements in the alloy. ACE-CRU Corrosion Rate Units Converter instantly displays the results of the conversion between all corrosion rate units, saving users' time and effort.

Application Example

Weight loss coupon test for magnesium alloy AZ61 reported a corrosion rate of 1.123 mdd.

What is the equivalent corrosion current density in $\mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$?

What is the corrosion rate expressed in $\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$?

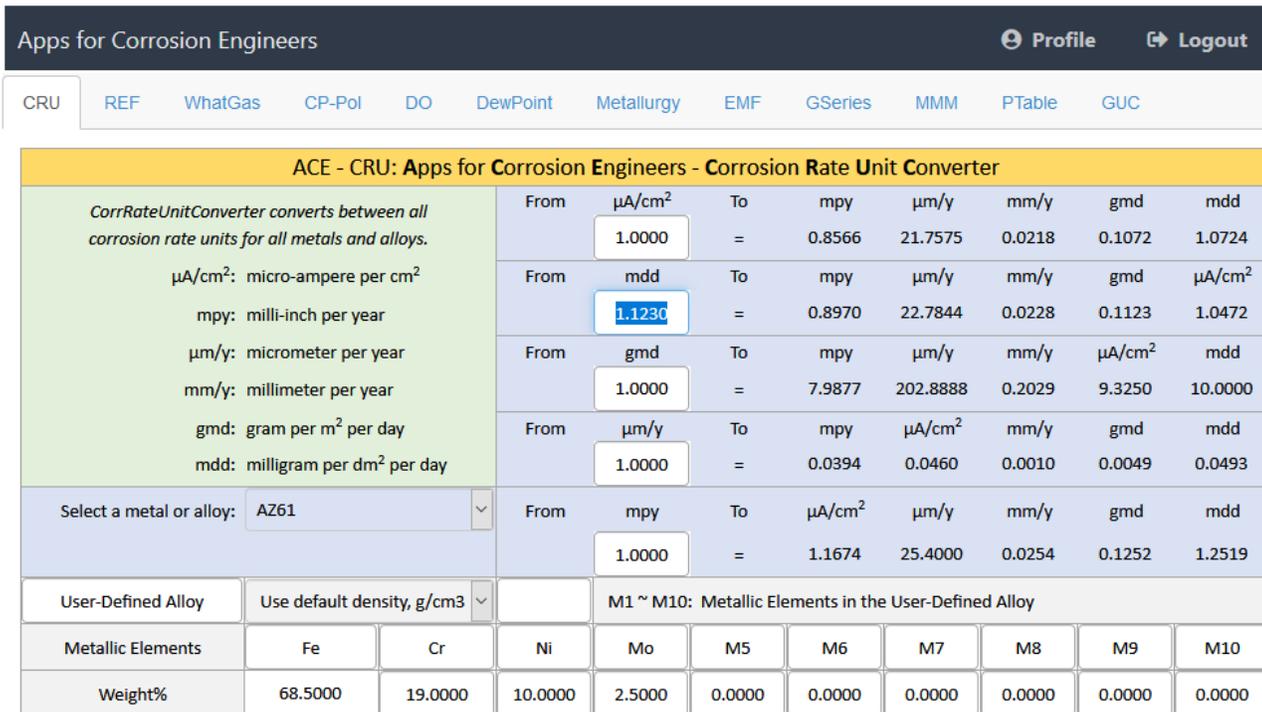
What is the corrosion rate expressed in mpy?

Answers to the above are instantly available (Figure 3) after selecting the alloy AZ61 from the dropdown list and entering the weight loss data "1.123" in the "mdd" field:

The equivalent corrosion current density is $1.0472 \mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$.

The corrosion rate in $\mu\text{m}/\text{y}$ is 22.7844.

The corrosion rate in mpy is 0.897.



ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 3 Converting Corrosion Rate for Magnesium Alloy AZ61

ACE Overview | CRU | REF | WhatGas | CP-Pol | DO | DewPoint | Metallurgy | FER | Sigma | PWHT | FAC | CRA | MMM | EMF | GSeries | PTable | GUC

REF: Reference Electrode Potential Converter - Converting measured potentials at measurement temperatures to equivalent potentials at 25°C vs. reference electrodes commonly used in labs and in fields.

ACE -REF: Apps for Corrosion Engineers - Reference Electrode Potential Converter									
SSC_SJ: Ag-AgCl solid junction (0.6M)			Standard Reference Electrode Potentials at 25°C (SHE), V						
SSC_LJ: Ag-AgCl liquid junction (sat.)			CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	SHE	User's Ref
ZRE: Zinc Reference Electrode			0.316	0.241	0.256	0.222	-0.800	0.000	0.288
Measurement Temperature, °C		45	Equivalent Potentials at 25°C vs. Respective Reference Electrode, V						
From	CSE (45°C)	To	CSE (25°C)	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.850	=	-0.832	-0.757	-0.772	-0.738	0.284	-0.516	-0.804
From	SCE (45°C)	To	SCE (25°C)	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	CSE	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.775	=	-0.789	-0.804	-0.770	0.252	-0.864	-0.548	-0.836
From	SSC_SJ (45°C)	To	SSC_SJ (25°C)	SSC_LJ	ZRE	CSE	SCE	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.790	=	-0.797	-0.763	0.259	-0.857	-0.782	-0.541	-0.829
From	SSC_LJ (45°C)	To	SSC_LJ (25°C)	ZRE	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.756	=	-0.770	0.252	-0.864	-0.789	-0.804	-0.548	-0.836
From	ZRE (45°C)	To	ZRE (25°C)	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	SHE	User's Ref
	0.266	=	0.266	-0.850	-0.775	-0.790	-0.756	-0.534	-0.822
From	SHE (45°C)	To	SHE (25°C)	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	User's Ref
	-0.534	=	-0.534	-0.850	-0.775	-0.790	-0.756	0.266	-0.822
From	User's Ref (45°C)	To	User's Ref (25°C)	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	SHE
	-0.822	=	-0.822	-0.850	-0.775	-0.790	-0.756	0.266	-0.534
If you cannot find the reference electrodes in the table above, you can define your own electrode for the conversion. Please enter the following information on your reference electrode:									
Name of User-Defined Electrode:		User's Ref							
Standard Potential at 25°C (SHE), V		0.288							
Temperature Coefficient, mV/°C		-0.433 <== This is not required if the measured potential is at 25°C.							

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 4 ACE-REF Reference Electrode Potential Converter with Temperature Correction

Corrosion laboratories worldwide use a variety of reference electrodes for specific reasons. National and International cathodic protection standards use different reference electrodes for specifying cathodic protection criteria. Copper copper-sulphate electrode (CSE) is specified for cathodic protection of underground structures such as pipelines and storage tanks; silver-silver chloride electrode (SSC) is specified for cathodic protection of structures immersed in seawater; saturated calomel electrode (SCE) is most widely used in laboratories. Electrode potentials are sensitive to temperature. Potentials measured at temperatures other than 25°C have to be converted to equivalent values for cross-referencing and comparison. For example, Cathodic protection potential survey data are collect in the fields at seasonal temperatures (not the standard 25°C). It is essential that the CP system meets the protection criteria that is referenced to -0.85 V (CSE) at 25°C for a buried pipeline. The ACE-REF module instantly converts the measured potential at the measurement temperature to the equivalent potential at 25°C on commonly used reference electrode scale, or an user-defined reference electrode scale.

Try to manually convert the potential of -0.850 V (CSE) measured at 45°C to the potential at 25°C on the SSC (SJ) scale and see how long it takes to get an accurate conversion. In ACE-REF, it take less than a second and the conversion is done for all common reference electrodes used in labs and in fields. In this example, the reading of -0.85 V (CSE) at 45°C does not meet the CP protection criteria as the equivalent potential at 25°C is

-0.832 V (CSE), as shown in Figure 4 above. In contrast, a potential reading of -0.837 V CSE) at 10°C meets the cathodic protection criteria as the equivalent potential at 25°C is -0.850 V (CSE), as shown in Figure 5.

ACE -REF: Apps for Corrosion Engineers - Reference Electrode Potential Converter									
SSC_SJ: Ag-AgCl solid junction (0.6M)		Standard Reference Electrode Potentials at 25°C (SHE), V							
SSC_LJ: Ag-AgCl liquid junction (sat.)		CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	SHE	User's Ref	
ZRE: Zinc Reference Electrode		0.316	0.241	0.256	0.222	-0.800	0.000	0.288	
Measurement Temperature, °C	10	Equivalent Potentials at 25°C vs. Respective Reference Electrode, V							
From	CSE (10°C)	To	CSE (25°C)	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.837	=	-0.850	-0.775	-0.791	-0.757	0.266	-0.535	-0.822
From	SCE (10°C)	To	SCE (25°C)	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	CSE	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.775	=	-0.765	-0.780	-0.746	0.276	-0.840	-0.524	-0.812
From	SSC_SJ (10°C)	To	SSC_SJ (25°C)	SSC_LJ	ZRE	CSE	SCE	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.790	=	-0.785	-0.751	0.271	-0.845	-0.770	-0.529	-0.817
From	SSC_LJ (10°C)	To	SSC_LJ (25°C)	ZRE	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SHE	User's Ref
	-0.756	=	-0.746	0.276	-0.840	-0.765	-0.780	-0.524	-0.812
From	ZRE (10°C)	To	ZRE (25°C)	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	SHE	User's Ref
	0.266	=	0.266	-0.850	-0.775	-0.790	-0.756	-0.534	-0.822
From	SHE (10°C)	To	SHE (25°C)	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	User's Ref
	-0.534	=	-0.534	-0.850	-0.775	-0.790	-0.756	0.266	-0.822
From	User's Ref (10°C)	To	User's Ref (25°C)	CSE	SCE	SSC_SJ	SSC_LJ	ZRE	SHE
	-0.822	=	-0.822	-0.850	-0.775	-0.790	-0.756	0.266	-0.534
If you cannot find the reference electrodes in the table above, you can define your own electrode for the conversion. Please enter the following information on your reference electrode:									
Name of User-Defined Electrode:		User's Ref							
Standard Potential at 25°C (SHE), V		0.288							
Temperature Coefficient, mV/°C		-0.433 <== This is not required if the measured potential is at 25°C.							

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 5 ACE-REF Reference Electrode Potential Converter for Cathodic Protection Applications

ACE-REF can literally be a life-saver for cathodic protection contractors, cathodic protection technicians, cathodic protection technologists who are involved in meeting both the technical and the contractual requirements of cathodic protection criteria. Facility owners can use ACE-REF to instantly verify if the CP survey data meet the protection criteria at a specific location and in a specific season.

Users of ACE-REF can easily define their own Reference Electrode scale for conversion. In Figures 4 and 5 above, the user-defined reference electrode named "User's Ref" has a standard potential of 0.288 V (SHE) at 25°C with a temperature coefficient of -0.433 mV/°C.

ACE Overview | CRU | REF | WhatGas | CP-Pol | DO | DewPoint | Metallurgy | FER | Sigma | PWHT | FAC | CRA | MMM | EMF | GSeries | PTable | GUC

WhatGas: Predicts what gas will be evolved on an electrode surface

In an electrolyte of pH7 at 25°C, O2 gas will be evolved on the electrode surface if the electrode potential (vs. SCE) is 0.650 V.

ACE - WhatGas: What Gas O2 or H2 Will Be Evolved in Corrosion?

Temperature	°C	25.000
pH of Electrolyte	pH	7.000
Electrode Potential (SCE)	V	0.650

O2 gas evolution occurs.

Figure 6 ACE-WhatGas predicts what gas will be evolved on an electrode surface during electrochemical reactions.

CP-Pol: Cathodic Polarization Assessment and Corrosion Rate Calculation - Assessing the effect of CP polarization on the corrosion rate when CP is ON.

This software tool can be used to optimize cathodic protection design, to determine cathodic protection criteria, and to evaluate CP survey data.

ACE - CP-Pol: CP Polarization and Corrosion Rate

Effect of Cathodic Protection on Corrosion Rate

Temperature:	°C	10.00
Corrosion Rate (No CP):	mm/y	0.2500
Cathodic Polarization:	mV	100
Tafel slope:	V	Default ▼
User-defined:	V	0.120
CorrRate Reduction factor:		60
Corrosion Rate (CP on):	mm/y	0.004146

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 7 CP-Pol: Assessing the effect of CP polarization on the corrosion rate when CP is ON.

An user simply enters the temperature and cathodic polarization, CP-Pol calculates the corrosion rate reduction factor. If the native corrosion rate (no CP) is known (typically less than 0.25 mm/y in soil or seawater), the corrosion rate when CP is on is calculated. CP-Pol allows users to enter the Tafel slope value for use in the computation.

DO: Dissolved Oxygen Calculator

This software tool helps you with the following tasks:

- calculation of dissolved oxygen in waters and other aqueous process fluids at a specified temperature,
- prediction of oxygen diffusion limiting current density,
- prediction of the maximum oxygen corrosion rate for carbon steels.

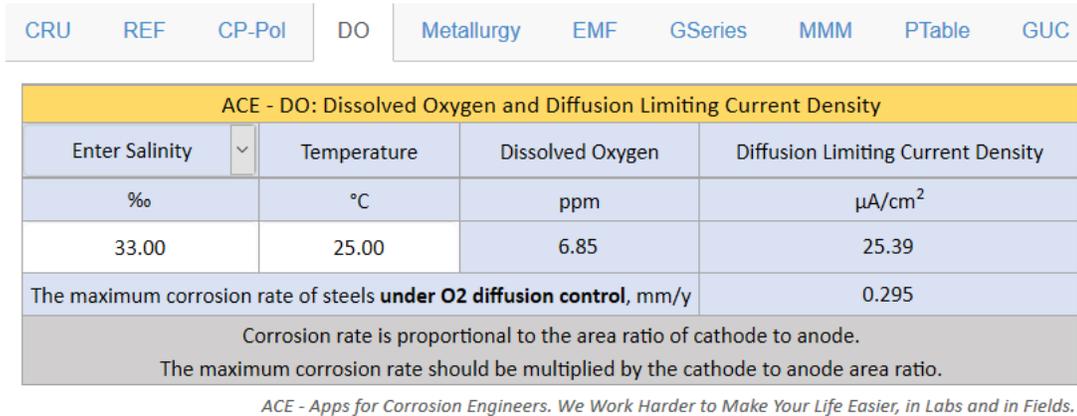


Figure 8 Calculation of Dissolved Oxygen in Waters at a Specified Temperature.

Users have complete flexibility in defining the fluid by entering either the salinity, or conductivity, or TDS, or just select one of the waters without the need to have the water analysis results.

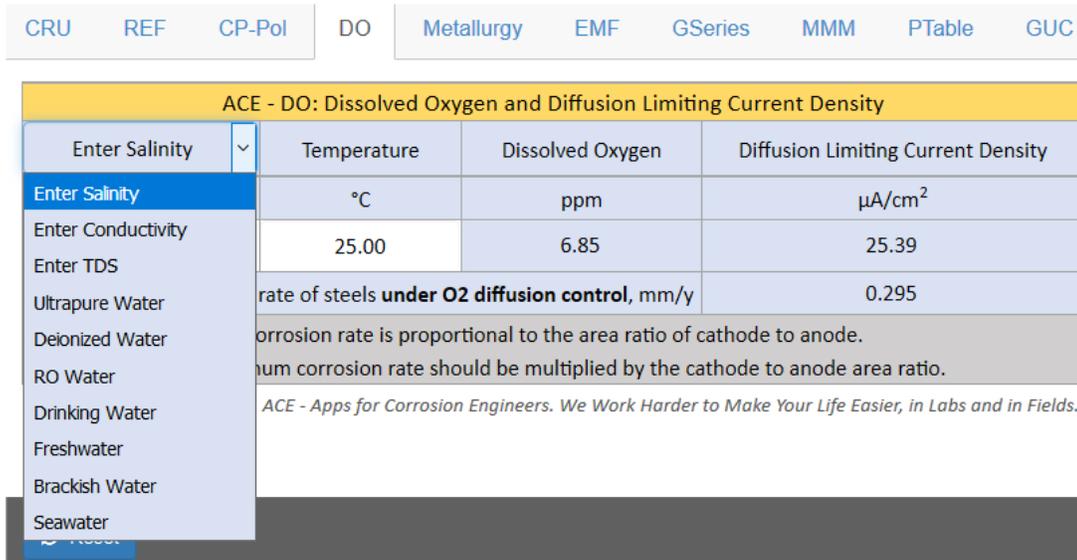


Figure 9 Calculation of Dissolved Oxygen and O2 Diffusion Limiting Current Density in Waters at a Specified Temperature.

The solubility of oxygen in water is dependent on both temperature and salinity (salt concentration). The oxygen diffusion limiting current density and the corresponding corrosion rate in mm/y for carbon steels are predicted in this module. An user can use the CRU module to convert the diffusion limiting current density to the preferred corrosion rate unit for any metal or alloy.

DewPoint: Dew Point of flue gas calculator - Predicting the dew points of flue gas: HBr, HCl, HF, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, and H₂O

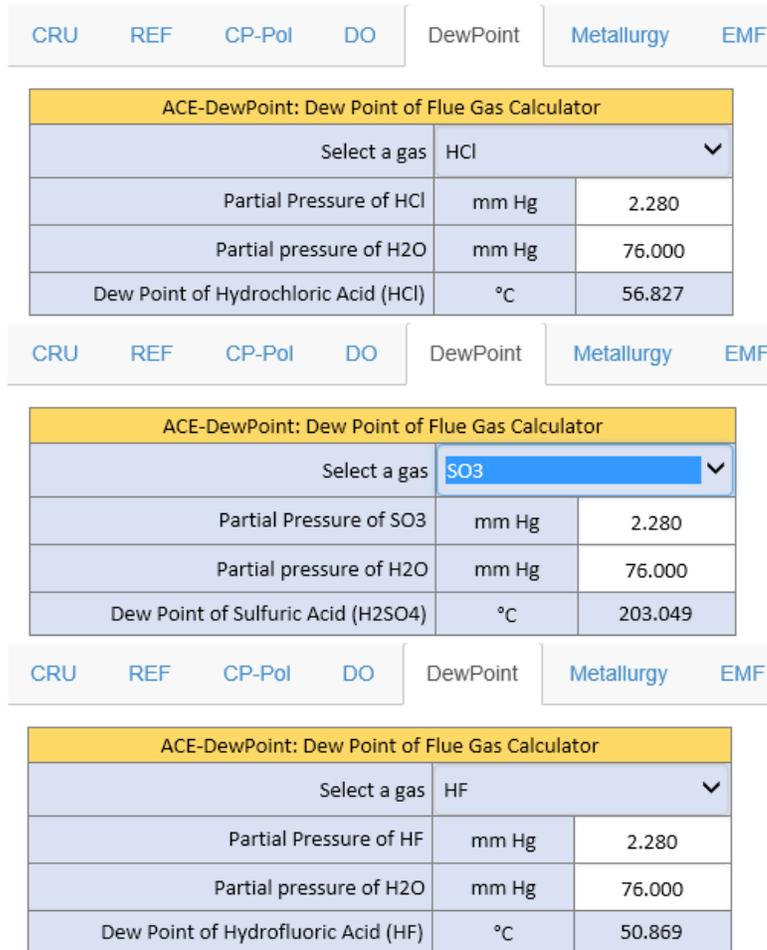


Figure 10 Predicting Dew Point of Flue Gas

Metallurgy: Predicting the Effects of Metallurgy on Corrosion

There are 4 sub-modules under the metallurgy Tab:

ACE-FER: Ferrite Content Predictor - Determining the ferrite content in cast stainless and alloys and the resistance to stress corrosion cracking.

An user can define customized alloy. ACE-FER predicts the ferrite content (%volume) in the cast microstructure and the resistance to stress corrosion cracking (SCC).

ACE-Sigma: Modeling and prediction of the susceptibility to sigma phase formation in stainless steels and alloys.

CRU	REF	WhatGas	CP-Pol	DO	DewPoint	Metallurgy	EMF	GSeries	MMM	PTable	GUC	
ACE - FER: Ferrite Content in Cast Stainless Steels and Alloys												
Nominal Chemical Composition of Alloys									Ferrite Content, %Vol.			
Cast Alloy	Cr	Si	Mo	Nb	Ni	C	Mn	N	Lower	Mean	Upper	
CF3M (316L) ▼	19.00	2.00	2.50	0.00	10.00	0.03	1.50	0.00	19.13	26.83	36.81	
For user-defined alloy, enter the chemical composition below									Resistance to Stress Corrosion Cracking			
MyAlloy	18.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	8.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	High resistance to SCC			
ACE-Sigma: Sigma Phase Formation in Stainless Steels and Alloys												
2507 ▼	For user-defined alloy, enter the chemical composition below									This alloy is highly susceptible to sigma phase formation.		
MyAlloy	Cr	Si	Mo	Nb	Ni	C	Mn	N				
	18.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	8.00	0.08	0.00	0.00				
ACE - PWHT: Equivalent Carbon Content (ECC) and PWHT						ACE - FAC: Flow-Accelerated Corrosion Resistance Index						
Steel Grade	SA516-70N		Chemical Composition			C %	0.17	Cr Equivalent	0.030			
C	Mo	Cr	Mn	Cu	Ni	Cu %	0.02	FAC Index: R _K	0.767			
0.10	0.08	0.30	1.00	0.30	0.30	Cr %	0.05	This metallurgy is not resistant to FAC.				
ECC	0.39	PWHT is not required.				Mo %	0.01					
ACE - CRA: Corrosion Resistant Alloys - Selection and Application Limits												
This module determines the temperature and [Cl ⁻] application limits of CRAs for their resistance to pitting, crevice corrosion and SCC												
Select an Alloy	User-Defined-Alloy ▼				PREN (ISO 15156) of the selected alloy:				26.25			
If an alloy is not in the list, choose "User-Defined-Alloy" and enter the compositions below:												
Fe%	Cr%	Ni%	Mo%	W%	N%	Cu%	Ti%	Nb%	C%			
70.000	18.000	9.000	2.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.080			
If the input is temperature, the output will be the application limit of chloride concentration.												
Select Input	Temperature ▼		°C	65.00	Maximum [Cl ⁻], ppm				4289			
If the input is chloride concentration, the output will be the application limit of temperature.												

Figure 11 Assessing the Effect of Metallurgy on Corrosion

ACE-PWHT: Post-Weld Heat Treatment - Predict the equivalent carbon content (ECC) and the requirement for pre-heating or post-weld heat treatment.

ACE-FAC: Flow-Accelerated Corrosion - Predict the chromium equivalent and the resistance to flow-accelerated corrosion.

ACE-CRA: Corrosion Resistant Alloys - Predict the pitting resistance equivalent number (PREN) of corrosion resistant alloys, predict the application limits for temperature and chloride concentration.

MMM: Mole and Molar Mass Calculator/Converter - Calculating/Converting mole and molar mass for all compounds.

ACE - MMM: Mole and Molecular Mass Converter										
Name of Compound:			Polythionic acid			Formula:				H2S5O6
Enter the symbol of element and the number of atoms in the formula:										
H	S	O	E4	E5	E6	E7	E8	E9	E10	
2	5	6								
From	Mole	To	Mass, g	From	Mass, g	To	Mole			
	1.000	=	258.35		258.35	=	1.000			

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Figure 12 Mole and Molar Mass Calculator and Converter

The MMM module works for all elements in the periodic table and all compounds with known formulae.

EMF: Electromotive Force Series - Table of Standard Potentials at 25°C.

GSeries: Galvanic Series - Table of Galvanic Series in Natural Sea Water.

PTable: Periodic Table of Elements

GUC: General Units Converter - Converting between metric and English units.

Click here to contact us for licensing details and experience the power of ACE.

ACE Overview | CRU | REF | WhatGas | CP-Pol | DO | DewPoint | Metallurgy | FER | Sigma | PWHT | FAC | CRA | MMM
 | EMF | GSeries | PTable | GUC

ACE - Apps for Corrosion Engineers. We Work Harder to Make Your Life Easier, in Labs and in Fields.

Copyright © 1995-2023. WebCorr Corrosion Consulting Services. All rights reserved.